DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 183 886 CE 024 508

TITLE Design and Implementation of an Assessment Model for Students Entering Vocational Education Programs in the State of Colorado. Sheet Metal.

INSTITUTION University of Northern Colorado, Greeley.

SPONS AGENCY Colorado State Board for Community Colleges and Occupational Education, Denver.

PUB DATE Jul 79

NOTE 42p.; For related documents see CE 023 308, CE 023 747-750, CE 023 754-756, and CE 024 505-513.

AVAILABLE FROM Vocational Teacher Education, University of Northern Colorado, Greeley, CO 80639 ($2.75)

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC02 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS *Academic Ability; Basic Skills; Career Awareness; Cognitive Ability; Educational Assessment; Educational Diagnosis; Educational Testing; Guidelines; Learning; *Learning Problems; Listening Skills; Mathematics; Metal Industry; Metal Working; *Needs Assessment; Postsecondary Education; Psychomotor Skills; Reading Skills; Secondary Education; Student Characteristics; *Student Needs; Tests; *Vocational Education; Vocational Interests

IDENTIFIERS Colorado

ABSTRACT

This basic vocational related skills assessment module in sheet metal is one of sixteen modules designed to help teachers assess and identify some of the areas in which special needs students may encounter learning difficulties. The materials in the module allow for informal assessment in three basic areas: academic skills, motor skills, and vocational interest and awareness. The basic skills assessment includes reading skills, listening skills, using a book to locate information, and mathematics. The reading section offers materials written at two different reading levels: the first paragraph is easy (4-8), while the second paragraph is more difficult (9-12). The motor skills are assessed through teacher observation and recording on a matrices skills checklist. The third area, vocational interest and awareness, is assessed through a vocational awareness questionnaire completed by students. (LRA)

****
* Reproductions supplied by EDRS are the best that can be made *
* from the original document. *
****

ED183886

DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION OF AN ASSESSMENT MODEL FOR STUDENTS ENTERING VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS IN THE STATE OF COLORADO
SHEET METAL

University of Northern Colorado

July - 1979

Project funded by:

State Board for Community Colleges and Occupational Education

Project Staff:

Project Director - Nancy Hartley
Project Coordinator - Karen Otazo
Graduate Assistant - Connie Cline

CE 024 508

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION

THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN REPRODUCED EXACTLY AS RECEIVED FROM THE PERSON OR ORGANIZATION ORIGINATING IT. POINTS OF VIEW OR OPINIONS STATED DO NOT NECESSARILY REPRESENT OFFICIAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION POSITION OR POLICY

"PERMISSION TO REPRODUCE THIS MATERIAL HAS BEEN GRANTED BY

Nancy K. Hartley

TO THE EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION CENTER (ERIC)."

DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION OF AN ASSESSMENT MODEL FOR STUDENTS ENTERING VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS IN THE STATE OF COLORADO

Each learner should be considered as unique. All students have unique characteristics which are considered by alert teachers in their efforts to foster more effective learning. This is especially true in vocational programs where our opportunities to know each learner are greater than in some other classroom situations.

Douglas Towne
Sydney Wallace

The purpose of this project was to develop materials that could be utilized for informal assessment of students in vocational programs. The materials were then developed into a series of sixteen modules representing the seven service areas of vocational education. These modules will enable teachers to assess and identify some of the areas in which special needs students may encounter learning difficulties.

This project and the resulting modules are based on the assumption that one of the ways that vocational education can provide training "appropriate to the needs and progress of each ... individual," is to assess the needs of each individual. Another assumption is that "modifying" a vocational program may be done in many ways but cannot be done effectively until assessment of student needs has been completed. The modules will provide information that will enable vocational teachers to modify their materials or lessons based on the results of the assessment information.

Information which you obtain from the assessment may be used in the following ways:

grouping of students with similar instructional needs
placement of students in programs
modification of instructional materials
writing goals and objectives for the student
obtaining remedial help
as a model to devise your own materials
writing contracts for behavioral change
giving specific information to supplemental services or support staff for assisstance

Identification of learning problems clarifies the various level of abilities and the learning styles of students. This necessitates individualizing vocational programs and instruction.

The modules include basic academic skill assessment, motor skill assessment, and interest assessment.

The following vocational areas are included in the modules:

1) *Welding*
2) *Sheet Metal*
3) *Agriculture*
4) *Graphic Arts*
5) *Woodworking*
6) *Automotive*
7) *Autobody*
8) *Drafting*
9) *Health Occupations*
10) *World of Work*
11) *Food Preparation*
12) *Child Care*
13) *Distributive Education*
14) *Electricity*
15) *Horticulture*
16) *Business and Office Occupations*

The assessment of student abilities are important for success in the vocational classroom. The basic skills assessment includes Reading Skills, Listening Skills, Using a book to locate information, and Mathematics. The mathematics section covers many of the basic operations and applications of math that is needed in vocational classes.

The reading section offers paragraphs written at two different reading levels; the first paragraph being easy (4-8), the second paragraph more difficult (9-12). Those students who have trouble with both paragraphs will find it difficult to learn through reading.

As a result of the field testing comments, there are two areas which are only included in the module entitled, World of Work. These two areas are "Following Directions" and "Safety Warnings Quiz". They were judged too "easy" for inclusion in all modules. This module was written specifically for students in disadvantaged and handicapped programs.

Materials are color coded for ease of usage and efficiency.

Yellow - *Student Sheets*
White - *Vocational Awareness Questionnaire*
Salmon - *Matrices*
Green - *Teacher Materials*
Gold - *Class Scoring Sheets*

DAILY LIVING COMPETENCIES

PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS

WORK APTITUDES

MOTOR SKILLS

MATRICES
SKILLS CHECK LISTS

DIRECTIONS TO THE TEACHER:

* This section is designed to assess capabilities that are not easily quantifiable. Therefore, you will use these as observation instruments.
* More than anything else, these are to be used as diagnostic tools to help establish goals and objectives.
* Using the matrices, observe the student over a period of several weeks in several different situations.
* There are many reasons for poor or below average levels of performance. These may include environmental influences and health, i.e., stress, nutrition, physical limitations. The matrices are merely a guide to reflect how well a student is doing in your area.

DIRECTIONS: Please check the level each student is at according to the following scale.

1. poor
2. below average
3. average
4. good
5. very good
6. n/a

STUDENT MATRIX SKILLS CHECK LIST														
DAILY LIVING COMPETENCIES:														
Can give personal information														
Money concepts														
Transportation abilities														
Job seeking skills														
Completes work														
Understands directional terms														
Understands safety rules														
Demonstrates cooperation with others														
Punctuality														
Attendance														

DIRECTIONS: Please check the level each student is at according to the following scale.

1. poor
2. below average
3. average
4. good
5. very good
6. n/a

STUDENT																
	MATRIX SKILLS CHECK LIST															
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS:																
Grooming																
Personal Hygiene																
Physical Tolerance Full Workday																
Peer Relationships																
Self Confident																
Works Well Alone																
Works Well in Group																

DIRECTIONS: Please check the level each student is at according to the following scale.

1. poor
2. below average
3. average
4. good
5. very good
6. n/a

STUDENT **MATRIX SKILLS CHECK LIST**													
WORK APTITUDES:													
Follows Written Instructions													
Follows Verbal Instructions													
Follows Demonstration													
Retains Instructions													
Improves with Repetition													
Conceptualizes the Problem													
Follows Multi-stepped Instructions													
Uses good judgement													

DIRECTIONS: Please check the level each student is at according to the following scale.

1. poor
2. below average
3. average
4. good
5. very good
6. n/a

STUDENT / MATRIX SKILLS CHECK LIST															
MOTOR SKILLS:															
Perform Manipulative Tasks															
Move Around Objects															
Use Large Tools															
Small Motor-eye-hand Coordination															
Two Hand Coordination															
Use Small Tools															
Finger Dexterity															
Steady Work Pace															
Heavy Lifting															

READING SKILLS

DIRECTIONS TO THE TEACHER:

This instrument is designed to assess how well the student understands written materials. The skills are broken into vocabulary, (Question 1-5), main ideas, (Question 6), details or facts, (Question 7), and inference or logical deduction, (Question 8).

1. Have students read each paragraph and then answer the questions on the following page. The students may refer to the original paragraph while completing the questions. (Time: approximately 15 minutes).
2. Collect all sheets.
3. Correct worksheets.

   Vocabulary

   a. For each vocabulary word listed (Questions 1-5), the student should leave a definition or synonym that shows an understanding of the word as it is used in the sentence. Score vocabulary questions as one (1) point each. Five (5) is a perfect score; zero (0) means none are correct.

   Main Idea

   b. In Question Six (6) you will assign a score of 1-5. The score should be based on how completely the student comprehends the paragraph.
      1) little knowledge or comprehension
      2) some grasp of paragraph
      3) fair idea of paragraph's content
      4) good idea of paragraph
      5) description which tells what the whole paragraph is about

   Details

   c. In Question Seven (7) a full score, five (5) points, should be based on whether the student puts down the two important facts.
      1) any one fact in the paragraph
      2) any two facts in the paragraph
      3) one fact that answers the statement well
      4) one fact that answers the statement well and any one that is in the paragraph
      5) Two facts that answer the statement well

Inference

d. In Question Eight (8) you are looking for an understanding that goes beyond what is in the paragraph.

   1) any attempt to answer

   2) any answer that even addresses the question

   3) some idea of an extension of the basic knowledge

   4) 5) a good answer which shows an understanding of the implications of the question.

   EXAMPLE: A few words which describe what a good title for the paragraph is about would receive a score of four (4).

4. Total the scores (1-8), for each paragraph.

EXAMPLE:

	Paragraph 1		Paragraph 2		TOTAL
Vocabulary	_____	+	_____	=	_____
Main Idea	_____	+	_____	=	_____
Details	_____	+	_____	=	_____
Inference	_____	+	_____	=	_____

5. Enter the score from each area and the total on the class scoring sheet.

6. Paragraph one was chosen for student who have lower reading levels. Paragraph two was chosen for students who read at the high school level.

SHEET METAL
READING SKILLS I

READ THIS PARAGRAPH:

ABRASIVES used in industry are made in many forms. Some common ones are sheets and rolls for handwork and for pad SANDERS, disks for PORTABLE and STATIONARY GRINDERS, and belts for grinding and polishing.

ANSWER THE QUESTIONS ON THE NEXT PAGE

Basic Metalwork, John L. Feirer and John R. Lindbeck, Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc., 1978.

NAME _____

SHEET METAL
READING SKILLS I

DIRECTIONS TO STUDENT:
Please tell what the following words mean as they are used in the previous paragraph.

1. ABRASIVES _____

_____

2. SANDERS _____

_____

3. PORTABLE _____

_____

4. STATIONARY _____

_____

5. GRINDERS _____

_____

VOCABULARY _____ (0-5)

6. What is this paragraph about? _____

_____

_____

MAIN IDEA _____ (1-5)

7. Name two ways abrasives are sold.

1) _____

2) _____

DETAILS _____ (1-5)

8. Why would you use different forms of abrasives?

_____

_____

_____

INFERENCE _____ (1-5)

TOTAL SCORE _____

SHEET METAL
READING SKILLS II

READ THIS PARAGRAPH:

The metal is covered with a solution called a transfer fluid or LAYOUT fluid. SCRIBED or penciled lines applied to this surface can be easily seen. The fluid prevents pencil lines from being rubbed off and protects the metal surface while it is being WORKED. Simple designs sometimes require no layout fluid; however, when the design is COMPLICATED, it is absolutely necessary to apply layout or transfer fluid. Also, on such metals as aluminum, nickel-silver, and pewter, a transfer fluid is a necessity since their LIGHT surface does not show pencil lines very well. Fluids such as layout ink, showcard white, and zinc-chromate primer can be used.

ANSWER THE QUESTIONS ON THE NEXT PAGE

John L. Feirer, Basic Metalwork, Charles A. Bennett Company, Inc., 1978.

NAME _____

SHEET METAL
READING SKILLS II

DIRECTIONS TO STUDENT:

Please tell what the following words mean as they are used in the previous paragraph:

1. LAYOUT _____

2. SCRIBED _____

3. WORKED _____

4. COMPLICATED _____

5. LIGHT _____

VOCABULARY _____ (0-5)

6. What is this paragraph about? _____

MAIN IDEA _____ (1-5)

7. Name two reasons to use layout fluid:
   (1) _____
   (2) _____

DETAILS _____ (1-5)

8. Why is it so necessary to use fluid on some designs? _____

INFERENCE _____ (1-5)

TOTAL SCORE _____

LISTENING SKILLS

DIRECTIONS TO THE TEACHER:

This test is designed to indicate how well your students use their auditory skills. They will be listening to a passage that is read two times. Then they will fill in the missing words on the answer sheet.

In order to utilize the Listening Skills Unit, the listening skills paragraph needs to be taped or read to the students by you.

Please read the directions on the student sheets to the class. The students may write on their answer sheets at any time during the two readings. The students should be asked to read the test sheet before listening to the tape.

GRADING:

The number correct is the total number of correct words filled in the blanks. Please accept reasonable substitutes for the words. Overlook poor spelling.

SHEET METAL
LISTENING SKILL

A common but very important operation in metalworking is the drilling or cutting of round holes.

Drilling is the first step in installing screws, bolts, and rivets that are needed to fasten parts together. It is also the first step in making any large opening in metal. Modern drilling machines used by industry vary in size from small, bench drill presses to large, multiple-spindle drill presses and radial drills.

Drilling is so important that there are few manufactured products that are not drilled, reamed, and/or tapped in a drilling machine.

PARAGRAPH TO BE READ OR TAPED

SHEET METAL
LISTENING SKILLS

ANSWERS

The Drilling Operation

1. Drilling or cutting of round holes is a very important operation.
2. Drilling is the first step in installing screws, bolts and rivets.
3. It is also the first step in making any large opening in metal.
4. Modern drilling machine vary from small, bench drill presses to large multiple-spindle drill presses and radial drills.
5. There are few manufactured products that are not drilled, reamed, and/or tapped in a drilling machine.

LISTENING SKILLS

DIRECTIONS TO STUDENT:

You will hear a passage read from the book just mentioned. The passage will be read once quickly and then again slowly.
Listen carefully to the passage each time it is read. As you listen to the passage being read fill in the blanks. You will fill in the facts that you hear on your answer sheet.

READ YOUR SHEET THROUGH BEFORE LISTENING TO THE TAPE.

NAME_____

SHEET METAL
LISTENING SKILLS - Student Worksheet

The Drilling Operation

1. Drilling or _____ of round _____ is a very important operation.
2. Drilling is the first step in installing _____, _____ and rivets.
3. It is also the first step in making any large _____ in metal.
4. Modern drilling machine vary from small, _____ drill presses to large multiple-_____drill presses and _____drills.
5. There are few manufactured products that are not _____, _____, and/or _____ in a drilling machine.

PARTS OF A BOOK

DIRECTIONS TO THE TEACHER:

Being able to locate information in a book is an important skill in most vocational areas. This test is designed to indicate the student's information locating ability in using a TABLE OF CONTENTS and an INDEX.

The student will use a table of contents and an index from your vocational area to answer five questions for each of the two areas. CAUTION students that the Table of Contents and/or Index may have more than one page. Ask students to check all pages before writing down their answers.

SCORING:

Correct the two parts and enter the total score on the class-scoring sheet.

Example:

Score - Table of Contents . . . . . _____

Score - Index . . . . . + _____

(0-10) _____

SHEET METAL
PARTS OF A BOOK

ANSWERS:

Table of Contents

1. page(s) 144
2. page(s) 7-71
3. page(s) 66
4. page(s) 118-122
5. page(s) 14

Index

1. page(s) 76
2. page(s) 59
3. page(s) 30
4. page(s) 53
5. page(s) 61

PARTS OF A BOOK

DIRECTIONS TO THE STUDENT:

There will be two parts to this section.

Using a Table of Contents
Using an Index

*Answer the Table of Contents questions by using the Table of Contents that follows.

*Answer the Index questions by using the Index that follows.

NAME_____

SHEET METAL
PARTS OF A BOOK

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Using the table of contents answer the following questions.
On which page(s) would you look for:

1. Bending sheet metal?	1. page(s)_____
2. Grinding a drill?	2. page(s)_____
3. Principles of design?	3. page(s)_____
4. Kinds of files?	4. page(s)_____
5. Machining?	5. page(s)_____

SHEET METAL

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Preface 5

Acknowledgments 6

UNIT 1 WHY STUDY METALWORKING? 9
Exploring Occupations, 10; Occupational Fields, 10; Job Requirements, 10; Questions, 12

UNIT 2 MINING AND REFINING METALS 13
Steel, 13; Nickel, 18; Copper, 18; Aluminum, 18; Questions,21.

UNIT 3 SAFETY IN THE METALWORKING LAB 22
Six Safety Rules, 22; Questions, 23.

UNIT 4 MEASURING AND LAYOUT TOOLS 24
Measuring and Layout Tools, 24; Choice of Materials, 27; Measuring Sheet Stock, 28; Measuring Heavy Stock, 28; Questions, 29.

UNIT 5 DESIGN 29
Requirements for Design, 29; Principles of Design, 30; Design Analysis Method, 32; Questions,34.

UNIT 6 DRAWING AND SKETCHING 34
Kinds of Drawings, 34; The Alphabet of Lines, 36; Dimensions, 37; Scale, 37; Questions,37.

UNIT 7 DEVELOPING AND TRANSFERRING PATTERNS 38
Transfer Fluids, 38; Pattern Development Methods, 38; Enlarging a Pattern, 42; Questions, 43.

UNIT 8 CUTTING HEAVY METAL 43
Hand Hacksaw, 43; Power Hacksaw, 45; Cold Chisels, 46; Throatless Shears, 47; Slitting Shears, 48; Questions, 48.

UNIT 9 CUTTING SHEET METAL 48
Hand Snips, Tin Snips, or Hand Shears, 48; Squaring Shears,50; Jeweler's Saws, 50; Punches, 51; Questions, 52.

UNIT 10 FILES 52
Classification of Files, 52; Kinds of Files, 53; Caring for a File, 55; Straight Filing, 55: Drawfiling, 56; Fine or Precision Filing, 56; Questions, 56.

UNIT 11 DRILLING 57
Drilling Machines and Equipment, 57; Grinding a Drill 59; Drilling, 59; Questions, 61.

UNIT 12 MACHINING 61
Basic Machining Processes, 61; Modern Science in Machining, 64; Metal Lathe, 65; Questions 71.

UNIT 13 BENDING HEAVY METAL 71
Equipment for Bending, 71; Making Right-Angle Bends, 72; Making Circular Bends, 72; Bending a Scroll, 72; Twisting Metal, 74; Using the Bending Machine, 75; Questions, 75.

UNIT 14 BENDING SHEET METAL 76
Bending Sheet Metal by Hand, 76; Making a Hem, 77; Making Angular Bends, 77; Making Circular Bends, 78; Bending Sheet Metal by Machine, 79; The Bar Folder, 79; The Brake, 80; The Slip-Roll Former, 80; Questions, 82.

UNIT 15 ABRASIVES AND GRINDERS 82
Kinds of Abrasives, 82; Grading Artificial Abrasives, 83; Forms of Abrasives, 83; Using Coated Abrasives, 83; Grinding, 84; Dressing and Truing A Wheel, 85; Grinding Steel, 86; Sharpening Tools, 86; Questions, 86.

_____ John L. Feirer, Sheet Metal, Charles A. Bennett Company, Inc., 1978.

UNIT 12 MACHINING 61
Basic Machining Processes, 61; Modern Science in Machining, 64; Metal Lathe, 65; Questions 71.

UNIT 13 BENDING HEAVY METAL 71
Equipment for Bending, 71; Making Right-Angle Bends, 72; Making Circular Bends, 72; Bending a Scroll, 72; Twisting Metal, 74; Using the Bending Machine, 75; Questions, 75.

UNIT 14 BENDING SHEET METAL 76
Bending Sheet Metal by Hand, 76; Making a Hem, 77; Making Angular Bends, 77; Making Circular Bends, 78; Bending Sheet Metal by Machine, 79; The Bar Folder, 79; The Brake, 80; The Slip-Roll Former, 80; Questions, 82.

UNIT 15 ABRASIVES AND GRINDERS 82
Kinds of Abrasives, 82; Grading Artificial Abrasives, 83; Forms of Abrasives, 83; Using Coated Abrasives, 83; Grinding, 84; Dressing and Truing A Wheel, 85; Grinding Steel, 86; Sharpening Tools, 86; Questions, 86.

John L. Feirer, Sheet Metal, Charles A. Bennett Company, Inc., 1978.

NAME_____

SHEET METAL
PARTS OF A BOOK

INDEX:

Using the index answer the following questions.

On which page(s) would you find:

1. Metric Measurement? 1. page(s)_____
2. Knurling metal? 2. page(s)_____
3. Using the Lathe 3. page(s)_____
4. Soldering metal? 4. page(s)_____
5. Pig iron? 5. page(s)_____

INDEX

Lathe dogs, 67
Lathe, metal
  accessories for, 66-67
  general discussion, 65-71
  measuring tools for, 67-68
  parts of, 65-66
  using, 66
Lathe tool holders, 67
Layout tools, 24-27
Layout fluid, 38
Limestone, use in steelmaking, 13
Lines, types of, 36-37

Machining, 61-71
Mallets, illustrated, 77
Manufacturing, in mass production, 138-139, 140
Marketing, in mass production, 139, 140
Mass production, 135-143
Materials, choice of, 27-28
Measuring, 24-29, 144-146
Measuring tools
  general discussion, 24-27, 144-146
  for the lathe, 67-68
Metal(s)
  annealing, 105-106
  bending, 71-82, 101
  boring, 61
  brazing, 128-129
  broaching, 61-62
  buffing, 86-89
  casting, 89-97
  cleaning, 132-133
  cutting, 43-48, 71
  drilling, 57-61
  drawing, 100-101
  filing, 55-56, 70
  finishing, 133-135
  forging, 97-102
  grinding, 63-64, 84-86
  hardening, 102-104
  knurling, 70-71
  machining, 61-71
  melting temperatures of (table), 92
  milling, 62
  mining and refining of, 13-21

pickling, 132-133
polishing, 70, 86-89
reaming, 61
riveting, 107-110
soldering, 118-122
testing hardness of, 104
welding, 123-129
Metric measurement, 144-146
Micrometer
customary, 68
metric, 145-146
Milling, 62
Mill products, 20
Molding board, 91
Molding, shell, 97
Mold, making a, 93-94

Nickel, 18
Nickel-silver, annealing of, 105-106

Paint, applying to metal, 134
Parting board. See Molding board
Patterns
developing, 38-41
enlargning, 42-43
for metal casting, 90-91
for scrollwork, 73
transferring, 38-43
Personnel management, in mass production, 138, 140
Pewter, annealing of, 106
Pickling, 132-133
Piercing, 50
Pig iron, 14
Pilot hole, 61
Pliers, 116
Polishing

SOURCE: Feirer, John L., Basic Metalwork, Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc., 1978.

MATHEMATICS TEST

DIRECTIONS TO THE TEACHER:

This test is designed to assess skill areas that might be needed in a vocational class.

The skills cross vocational areas.

The first ten questions comprise a basic skills assessment. The rest of the test uses various kinds of skills in diverse mathematical areas.

A student should not spend too much time on any one problem. He/she should be given extra time if necessary.

1. Allow one hour for students to complete this test.
2. Score the answers on the students' test.
3. Subtract the number missed from forty-two (42).
4. Enter the score on the class scoring sheet.

It is easy to tell which areas a student is weak in by referring to the test itself.

This is important when there are only a few wrong.

DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION OF AN ASSESSMENT MODEL FOR STUDENTS ENTERING VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS IN THE STATE OF COLORADO

ERRATA SHEET
Mathematics Test

5.d) .48 meters or 48 centimeters

10.d) 7 or 7.0

13. 9.10 9.910 091.0 0910

14. 7860

15. $2234.85

16. 3½ hours

MATHEMATICS

Answer Key

1a. 13

1b. 1373

2a. 6

2b. 1622

3a. 4/5

3b. 10 7/8

4a. 4/7

4b. 1 6/8, 1 3/4

5a. 17.67

5b. 3 ft. 5 in.

5c. 2.87

5d. 75 centimeters

6a. 36

6b. 131274

7a. 5

7b. 107

8a. 17 ½

8b. 63/16

9a. 25

9b. 61/15

10a. .0030

10b. 3.774

10c. 8.1

10d. .7

11. 0.41

12. 5280 square feet

13. 0.910, 09.10, 091.0, 0910

14. $180

15. $342.45

16. 2 feet 3 inches

17. $48.80

18a. 3/4

18b. 4 1/8

18c. 5 ⅛

19d. 1 1/8

19e. 7/8

19f. 1 3/4

20. ½ cup

21. 4 cups

22. 7:00

23. 7 hours

24. $2.50

25. 160 meters

26. 2 hours

MATHEMATICS

DIRECTIONS TO THE STUDENT:

*TRY EACH QUESTION.

*DO NOT SPEND A LONG TIME ON ANY ONE QUESTION.

*USE THIS SHEET TO WORK OUT ANSWERS.

*ASK FOR AN EXTRA SHEET OF PAPER IF YOU NEED IT.

* DO NOT WORRY IF SOME QUESTIONS ARE TOO HARD FOR YOU.

NAME_____

MATHEMATICS TESTING SECTION

DIRECTIONS TO STUDENT:

Solve each problem and put answer in the space provided. Don't spend alot of time on any one problem.

			ANSWERS
1a. $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ +7 \\ \hline \end{array}$	b. $\begin{array}{r} 782 \\ +591 \\ \hline \end{array}$		1a. _____
			1b. _____
2a. $\begin{array}{r} 18 \\ -12 \\ \hline \end{array}$	b. $\begin{array}{r} 4001 \\ -2379 \\ \hline \end{array}$		2a. _____
			2b. _____
3a. $\begin{array}{r} 1/5 \\ +3/5 \\ \hline \end{array}$	b. $\begin{array}{r} 7\ 1/2 \\ +3\ 3/8 \\ \hline \end{array}$		3a. _____
			3b. _____
4a. $\begin{array}{r} 5/7 \\ -1/7 \\ \hline \end{array}$	b. $\begin{array}{r} 3\ 5/8 \\ -1\ 7/8 \\ \hline \end{array}$		4a. _____
			4b. _____
5a. Add: 14.6 to 3.07	b. Add: $\begin{array}{r} 1\text{ft.}8\text{in.} \\ 1\text{ft.}9\text{in.} \\ \hline \end{array}$		5a. _____
			5b. _____

NAME _____

Mathematics Testing Section

ANSWERS

5c. Subtract: 15.63 from 18.5

d. Subtract:
3 meters 3.0 CM
− 2 meters 55 CM

5c. _____

5d. _____

6a. 12
x 3

b. 429
x306

6a. _____

6b. _____

7a. $5\overline{)25}$

b. $26\overline{)2782}$

7a. _____

7b. _____

8a. 7 x 2 ½

b. 1 3/4 x 2 ¼

8a. _____

8b. _____

9a. 6 ¼ ÷ ¼

b. 7 5/8 ÷ 1 7/8

9a. _____

9b. _____

10a. .06
x.05

b. 10.2
x .37

10a. _____

10b. _____

10c. _____

10d. _____

c. $8\overline{)64.8}$

d. $2.50\overline{)17.5}$

NAME_____

Mathematics Testing Section

11. Write forty-one hundredths as a decimal.

ANSWER_____

12. What is the bottom floor area of a house which has the following dimensions: 96 ft. long, 55 ft. wide?

ANSWER_____

13. Arrange the following numbers from the smallest to the largest.

0910. 9.910 091.0 09.10

ANSWER_____

14. As an apprentice you are paid $3.93 an hour. For a 50 week year you work 40 hours each week. What is your yearly income?

ANSWER_____

15. Four (4) apprentice machinists worked 7½ hours each day for $3.93 an hour. Five master electricians worked 6 3/4 hours each day at $9.75 an hour. How much must the contractor pay in total wages for the week?

ANSWER_____

16. Three pieces of pipe, 2 feet 7 inches long are cut from a 10 foot length. How much is left?

ANSWER_____

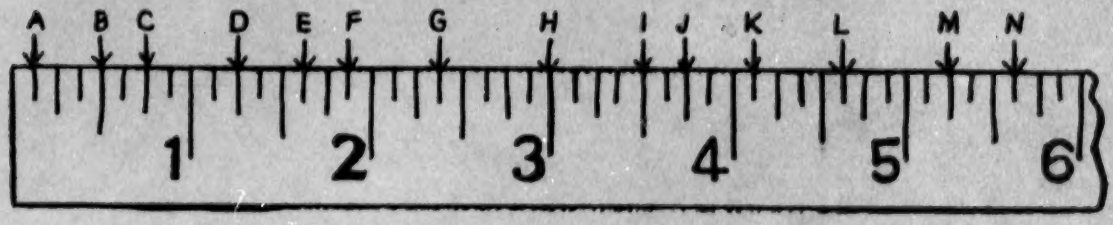
NAME_____

Mathematics Testing Section

17. In 5 workdays, a welder earns $50, $55, $42, $65, and $32. What is the average earning per day.

ANSWER_____

18. Reading <u>one-eighth rule</u> below, use the drawing below and give the reading of the indicated points.



a. Reading at point C _____

b. Reading at point K _____

c. Reading at point M _____

19 Find the distance between the following letters. (BE SURE TO GIVE ANSWERS IN LOWEST TERMS). Show your work.

d. A to D _____

e. J to L _____

f. I to M _____

20. ⅛ cup + ⅛ cup = _____

ANSWER_____

NAME_____

Mathematics Testing Section

21. How many cups in a quart?

ANSWER_____

22. If John starts baking a cake at 5:00 and the cake takes one hour to bake, at what time will it be finished?

ANSWER_____

23. If Mary and Jane start a project at 9:00 a.m. and need to finish it before 12:30 p.m. what is the total amount of time they have to do it?

ANSWER_____

24. Sue completes an oil change and will also do a lube job on the car. The oil change should take 15 minutes and the lube will also take 15 minutes. If Sue makes $5.00 an hour, how much will she make for these two jobs?

ANSWER_____

25. A field is 30 meters wide and 50 meters long. How many meters of fence will it take to go around the outside of the field?

ANSWER_____

26. You work 40 hours a week. You spend 5% of the time doing clean-up work. How much time is this per week?

ANSWER_____

NAME_____

VOCATIONAL AWARENESS QUESTIONNAIRE

1. Name 2 jobs that you think you could do right now, without any training:
   1._____
   2._____
2. Name 2 jobs that you would like to do, if you had the training:
   1._____
   2._____
3. How much money do you think you will make on your first job?
   _____per hour _____per week
4. What job would you like to have 5 years from now?
   _____
5. Would you like to work:
   Inside_____
   Outside_____
6. Would you like to work:
   With other people_____
   By yourself_____
7. Would you do non-clean work?
   Yes, I would_____
   No, I won't_____
8. Have you ever worked and received a paycheck? Yes_____ No_____
9. What kind of work did you do? _____
10. What kind of work does your parent or guardian do?
    Father_____ Mother_____
    Guardian_____
11. Do you have a driver's license? Yes_____ No_____
12. Name any hobbies or interests you have. _____
    _____
13. Which kind of work would you like better? (CHECK ONE (1)).
    _____One with new things to learn each week.
    _____One where you could learn only one or two things well.

Adapted from: St. Louis Special School District

CLASS SCORING SHEET

DIRECTIONS TO THE TEACHER:

1. Enter all scores on to the class scoring sheet for each student in your class.

2. Circle or highlight all scores below 50% of total in each section.

3. You can use the results to:

   a. Locate areas of weakness that may need to be taught in the classroom.

   b. Group students for extra help.

   c. Refer students for help or support services.

   d. Prepare lessons and tests.

   e. Set individual and class goals.

   f. Place students in vocational programs.

CLASS SCORING SHEET

STUDENT	Skill Area	Vocabulary	Main Idea	Details	Inference	Reading Skills Total Score		Listening Skills		Parts of Book		Following Directions (World of Work ONLY)		Safety Words Quiz (World of Work ONLY)		Mathematics